Banco Santander Chile Solid business and client profitability trends

October 2016



Important information

Banco Santander Chile caution that this presentation contains forward looking statements within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward looking statements are found in various places throughout this presentation and include, without limitation, statements concerning our future business development and economic performance. While these forward looking statements represent our judgment and future expectations concerning the development of our business, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause actual developments and results to differ materially from our expectations. These factors include, but are not limited to: (1) general market, macroeconomic, governmental and regulatory trends; (2) movements in local and international securities markets, currency exchange rates, and interest rates; (3) competitive pressures; (4) technological developments; and (5) changes in the financial position or credit worthiness of our customers, obligors and counterparties. The risk factors and other key factors that we have indicated in our past and future filings and reports, including those with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States of America, could adversely affect our business and financial performance.

Note: the information contained in this presentation is not audited and is presented in Chilean Bank GAAP which is similar to IFRS, but there are some differences. Please refer to our 2015 20-F filed with the SEC for an explanation of the differences between Chilean Bank GAAP and IFRS. Nevertheless, the consolidated accounts are prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles. All figures presented are in nominal terms. Historical figures are not adjusted by inflation. Please note that this information is provided for comparative purposes only and that this restatement may undergo further changes during the year and, therefore, historical figures, including financial ratios, presented in this report may not be entirely comparable to future figures presented by the Bank.

Agenda

- Growth expected to accelerate in 2017. Financial system with relatively stable growth and risk trends
- Santander Chile has adjusted its medium-term strategy and is starting to benefit from stronger client activity and improved profitability trends...
- ... leading to a sound medium-term outlook

Macroeconomic environment

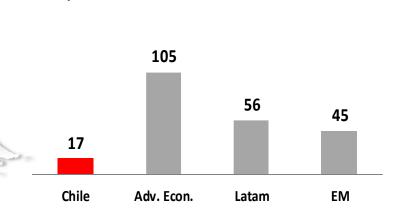
Chile: a stable and diversified economy

Chile: key economic indicators¹

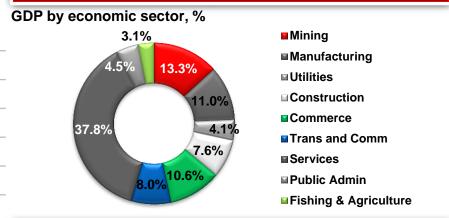
Population:	18.0 mm		
GDP:	US\$220bn		
GDP per capita (PPP):	US\$23,000		
Exports / GDP:	28%		
Investment / GDP:	22.5%		
Net public debt / GDP:	-3.5%		
Sovereign ratings:	AA-/A+/Aa3		

Low public debt²

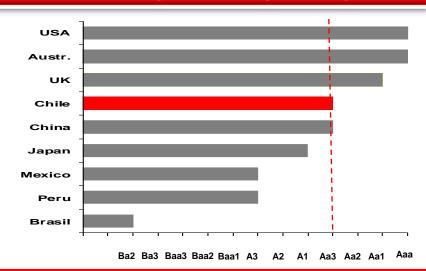
Gross public debt, % GDP



Chile's economy is well diversified¹



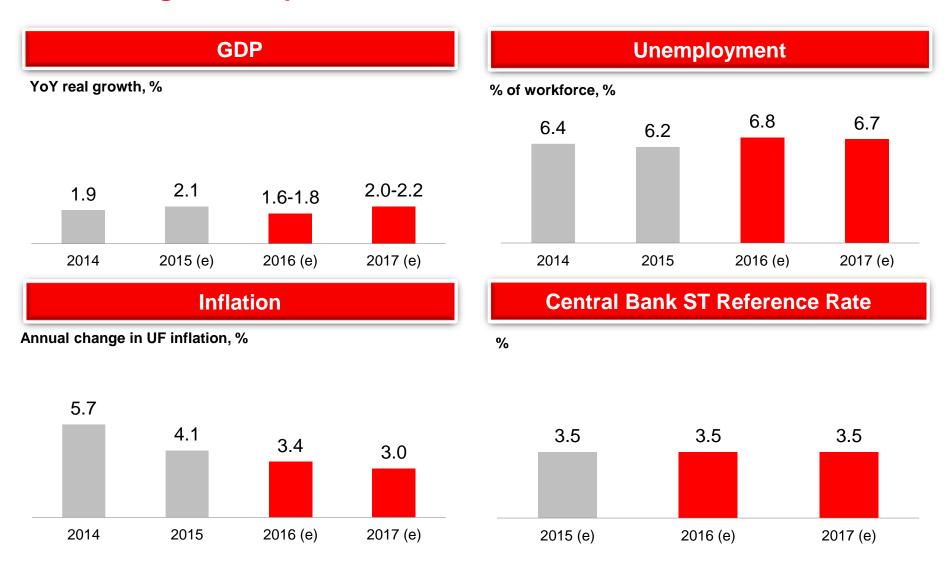
... and high Sovereign rating³





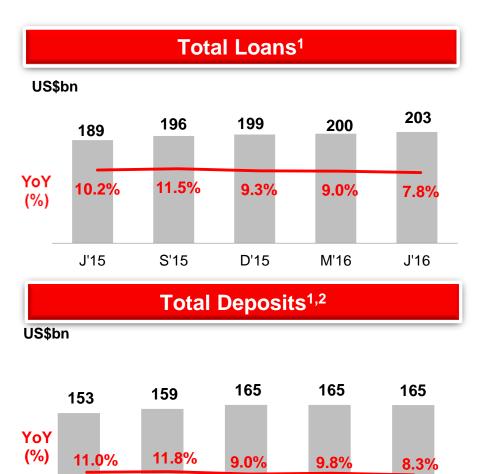
Macroeconomic environment

GDP growth expectations stabilize for 2016 and rise for 2017



Financial system: volumes

Bank loans and deposits growing 7-8%...



D'15

M'16

- Positive growth of most non-mining exports boosts commercial loan growth
- Relatively stable employment figures drives loans to individuals
- Mortgage lending adjusting after an extraordinary 2015

- Positive deposit growth equally driven by time and demand deposits
- High liquidity in the system to fund business growth

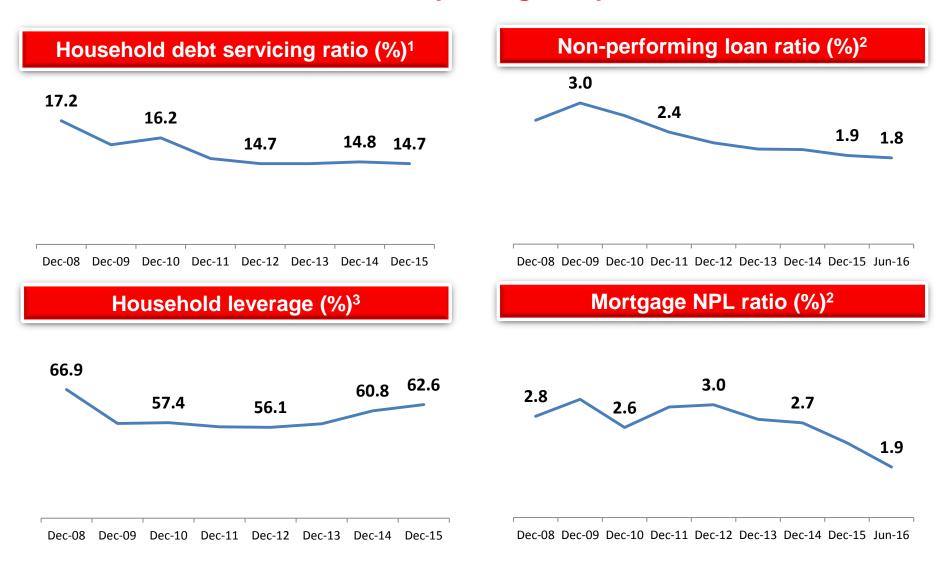
S'15

J'15

J'16

Financial system: risks metrics

... with an improving risk profile



♦ Santander

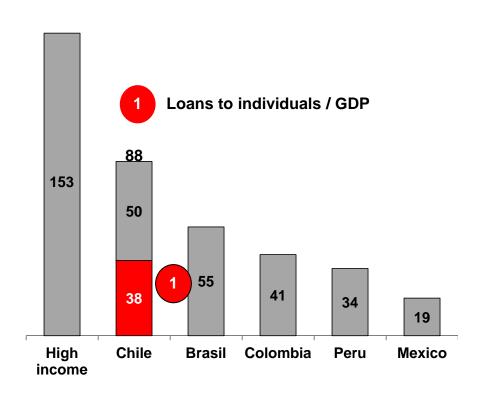
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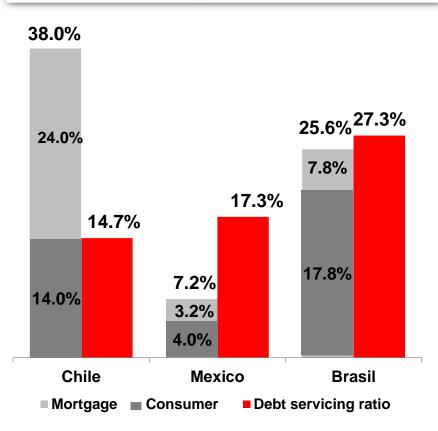
^{1.} Total debt payments including amortization and interest / Disposable income. 2. Loans with at least one installment 90 days or more overdue / Average loans.

The market has high growth potential in loans to individuals...



Individual loans penetration and DSR²

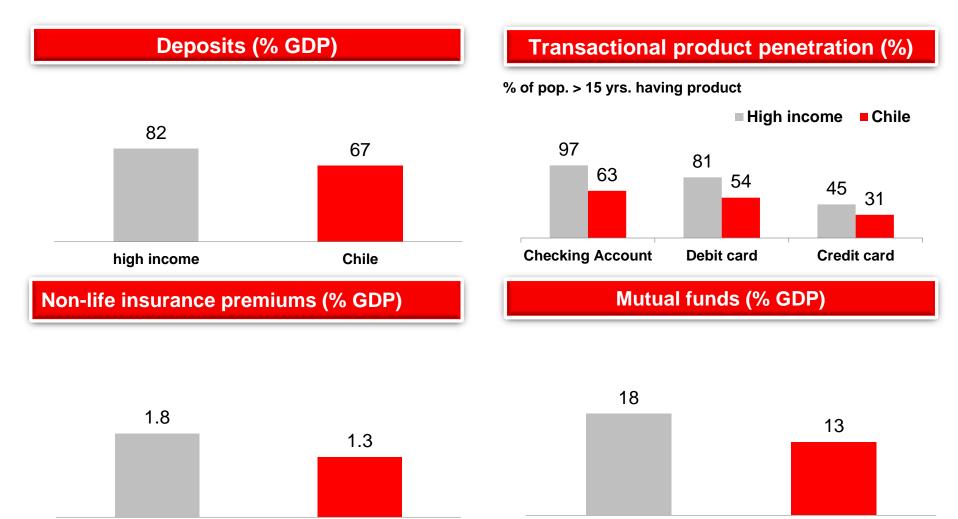




^{1.} Or latest available information. Source: World Bank, weighted by size of world economies. Chilean loan include bank and non-bank lending. Source Chile: Santander Chile based on information from SBIF, BCCh, Superintendency of Securities of Chile, SVS, and www.cajasdechile.cl.

^{2.} Debt servicing ratio, DSR: Total debt payments including amortization and interest / Disposable income. Sources: for Chile: SVS, SBIF and SVS; for Brazil and Mexico: JP Morgan, Scotiabank and Felaban

... and in other transactional and non-lending products



High income

High income

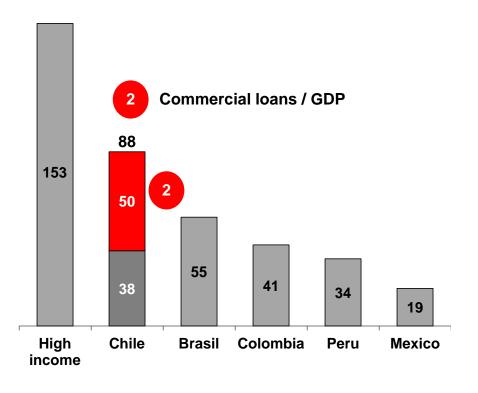
Chile

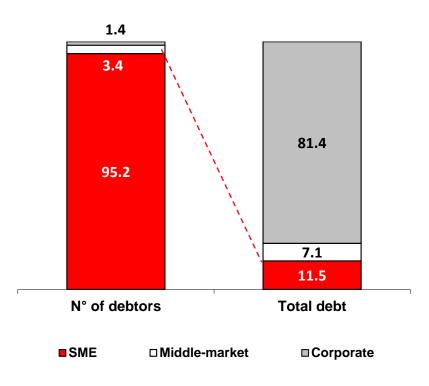
Chile

High growth potential in Middle-market and SME customers...

Loans to GDP, 2015 (%)¹

Commercial lending by type of client





^{1.} Or latest available information. Source: World Bank, weighted by size of world economies. Chilean loan include bank and non-bank lending. Source Chile: Santander Chile based on information from SBIF, BCCh, Superintendency of Securities of Chile, SVS, and www.cajasdechile.cl.

Source: SBIF, 2015

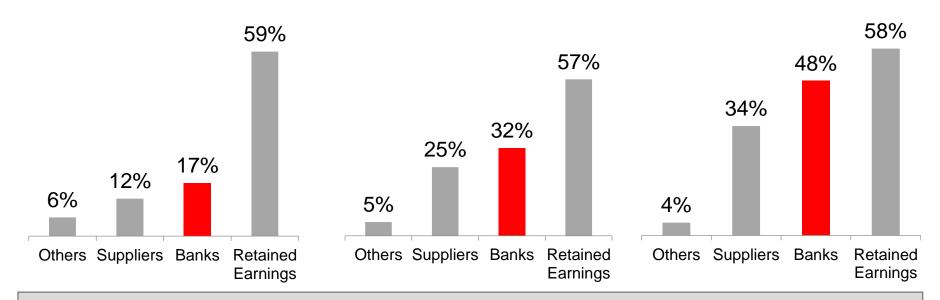
... as non-bank sources of financing are still widely used

Micro-entrepreneurs

SMEs

Middle-market

Funding structure by type of borrower*



Chilean companies have traditionally relied on the tax advantage of financing their investments with retained earnings, which with the tax reform is no longer an option

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- ... leading to a sound medium-term outlook

Our Franchise

Santander Chile is the nation's leading bank...

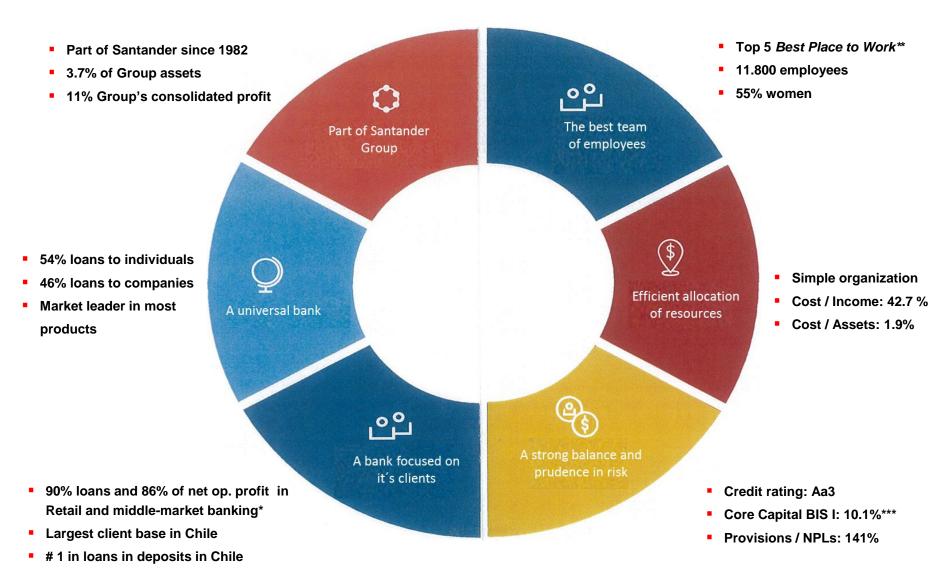


Figures in US\$ Business and Results	6M'16	Var. YoY
Gross Loans	39.4bn	8.0%
Deposits	30.5bn	10.3%
Equity	4.1bn	4.8%
Net income	365mn	2.5%
Network and Customers	6M'16	Mkt. share ¹
Clients	3.6 mn.	22.1% ²
Branches	469	20.0%
ATMs	1,484	19.3%
	Market Share ¹	Rank
Loans	19.5%	1
Deposits	19.0%	1
Checking accounts	22.1%	1



Our Franchise

... with a solid business model



4 objectives for healthy growth / higher profitability

I. Focusing growth on segments with the highest contribution, net of risk...



II. ... by increasing client loyalty through an improved client experience and quality of service



III. Deepening ongoing commercial transformation by expanding digital banking capabilities



IV. Optimizing profitability and capital use to increase shareholder value in time



Strategy and results

4 objectives for healthy growth / higher profitability

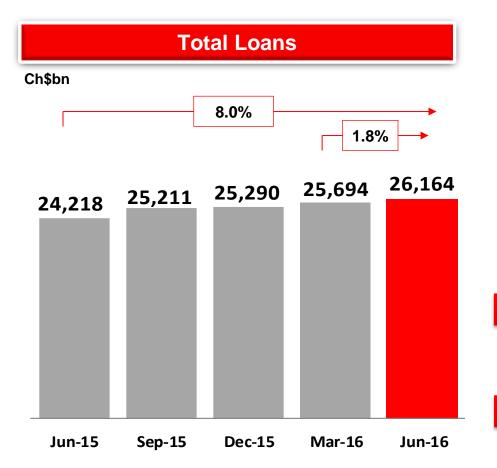
I. Focusing growth on segments with the highest contribution, net of risk...



- Individual: focus on growing in the mid-high income segments. Selective growth in lower-end (massive) segments
- **SMEs:** focus on larger SMEs, especially with a balanced flow of income (lending and non-lending products)
- Steady improvement in retail banking asset quality. Focus on NIMs, net of provisions
- Middle-market: focus on non-lending business activities. Loans as part of an integral client relationship
- Corporate: strong focus on non-lending activities

Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk

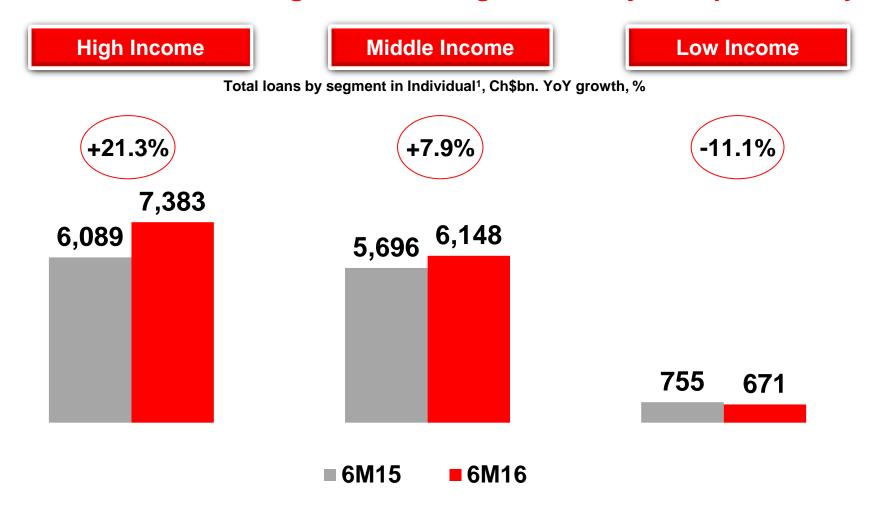
Total loans up 8.0% YoY in 2Q16, with Retail loans expanding 12.7%



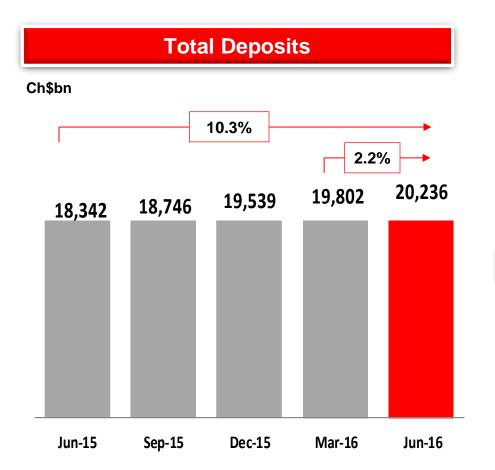
Ch\$bn	1H'16	YoY (%)	QoQ(%)
Individuals ¹	14,257	13.1	2.6
Consumer	4,239	6.1	2.4
Mortgages	8,322	16.5	2.7
SMEs	3,688	11.0	2.7
Retail	17,945	12.7	2.6
Middle Market	5,723	2.0	1.1
Corporate	2,224	-1.1	6.8
Total ²	26,164	8.0	1.8

Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk

Growth focused in segments with higher risk-adjusted profitability



Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk Total deposits increased 10.3% YoY in 2Q16



Ch\$bn	1H'16	YoY(%)	QoQ(%)
Demand	7,238	8.7	2.2
Time	12,998	11.3	2.2
Total deposits	20,236	10.3	2.2

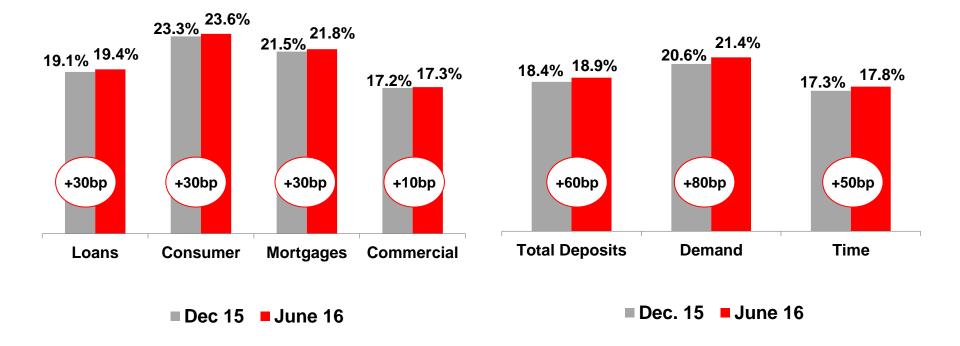
Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk

Santander Chile is gaining market share across the board in 2016...

Banco Santander Chile's market share

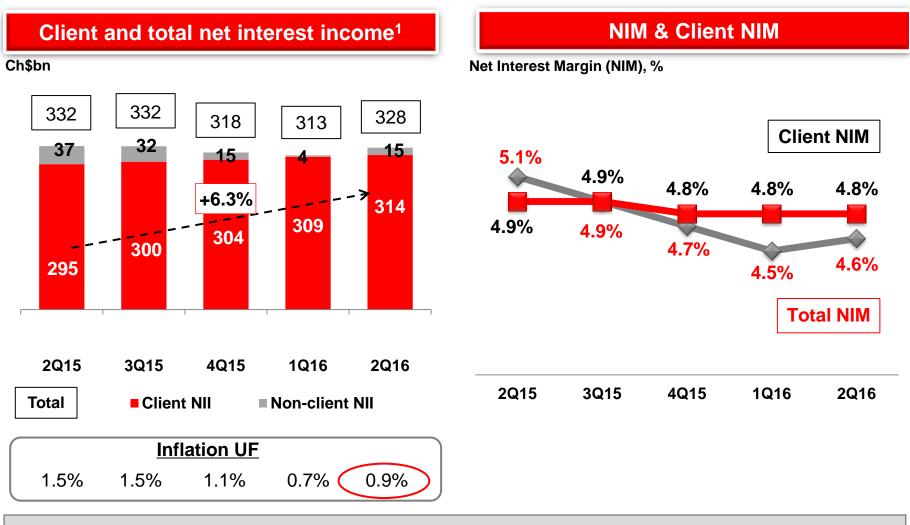
Total loans

Total deposits



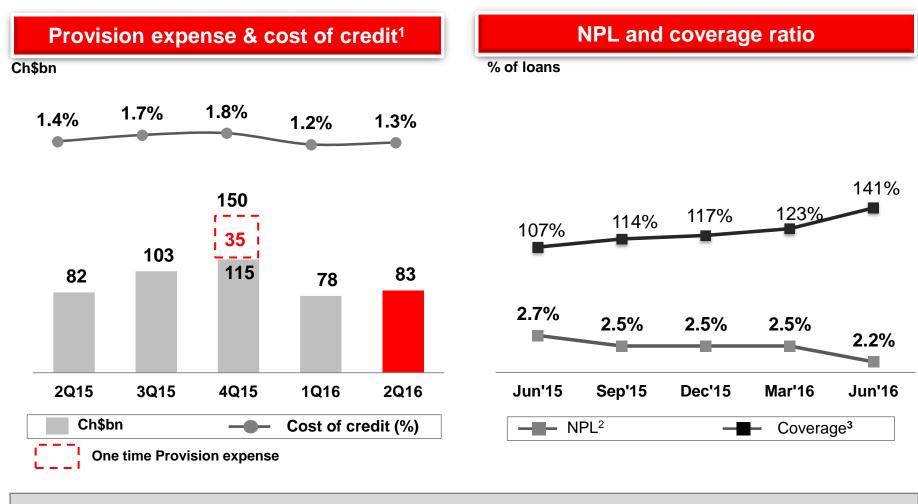
Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk

... allowing for a Client NII growth of 6.3% YoY



Total NII down 1% YoY in 2Q16 due to lower quarterly inflation

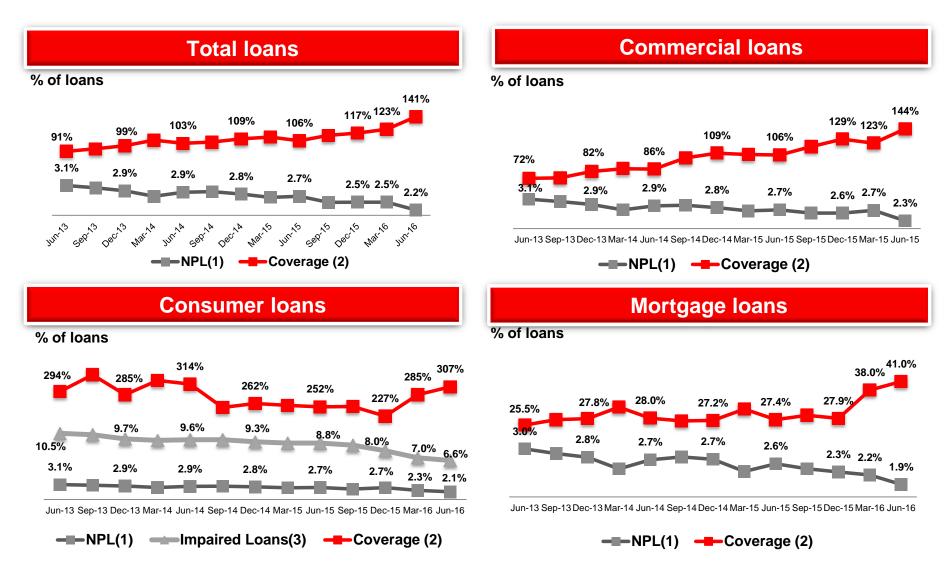
Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk Improved asset quality metrics...



New asset mix / credit models allow for a better risk-return relationship

Strategy: I. Growth focused on segments with highest contribution, net of risk

... in most products



Strategy and results

4 objectives for healthy growth / higher profitability

II. ... by increasing client loyalty through an improved client experience and quality of service



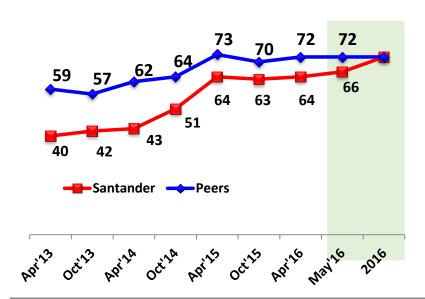
- Priority is to increase quality of service and improve customer journeys
- This should result in higher client loyalty and cross-selling
- Leading to higher and sustainable fee growth

Strategy: II. Increasing client loyalty

Improving customer satisfaction and service...

Customer Satisfaction (%)¹

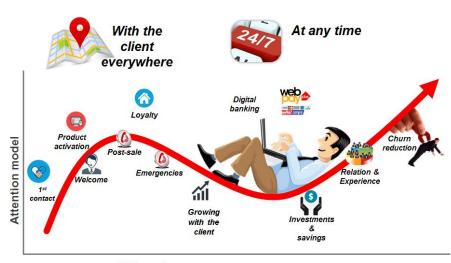
% of net satisfied clients



We are aiming at becoming the leader in customer satisfaction by:

- Continuous investing / improving CRM
- Full indoctrination in new SPF² culture

Customer Journeys

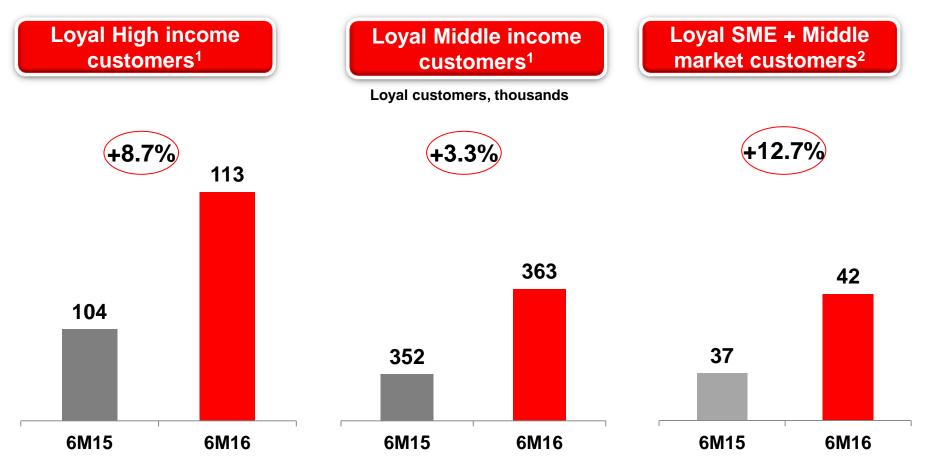


Life cycle

Customer Journey: map out and define in detail how we will relate and treat our customer in every step of their journey with us

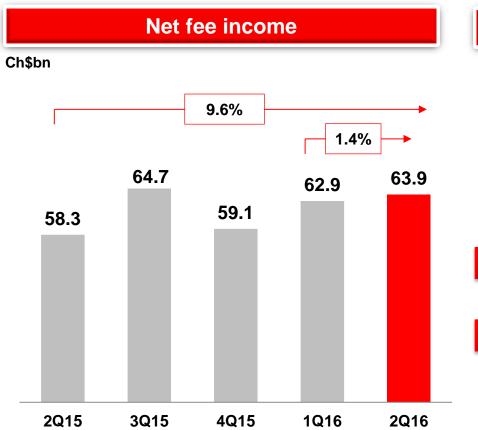
Strategy: II. Increasing client loyalty

... is driving customer loyalty in targeted segments



Strategy: II. Increasing client loyalty

... leading to a 9.6% fee income growth in 2Q16



Fee income from business segments			
Ch\$bn			
	2Q'16	YoY (%)	QoQ(%)
Retail	50.2	5.6	2.4
Middle Market	7.8	17.2	0.7
Corporate	6.0	101.2	-9.2
Subtotal	64.0	11.9	1.0
Others	-0.1		%
Total fees	63.9	9.6	1.4

4 objectives for healthy growth / higher profitability

III. Deepening ongoing commercial transformation by expanding digital banking capabilities



- Focus on improving and simplifying processes and redesigning distribution capabilities by leveraging in our digital platform
- Focus on integrated omnichannel approach with multi-segment business centers
- Leading the system in digital banking
- This transformation should lead to greater productivity and efficiency

Redesigning our distribution network...

Trx intensive branch 2013

Branch model 1.0 2014-2016

















MORE PRODUCTIVITY

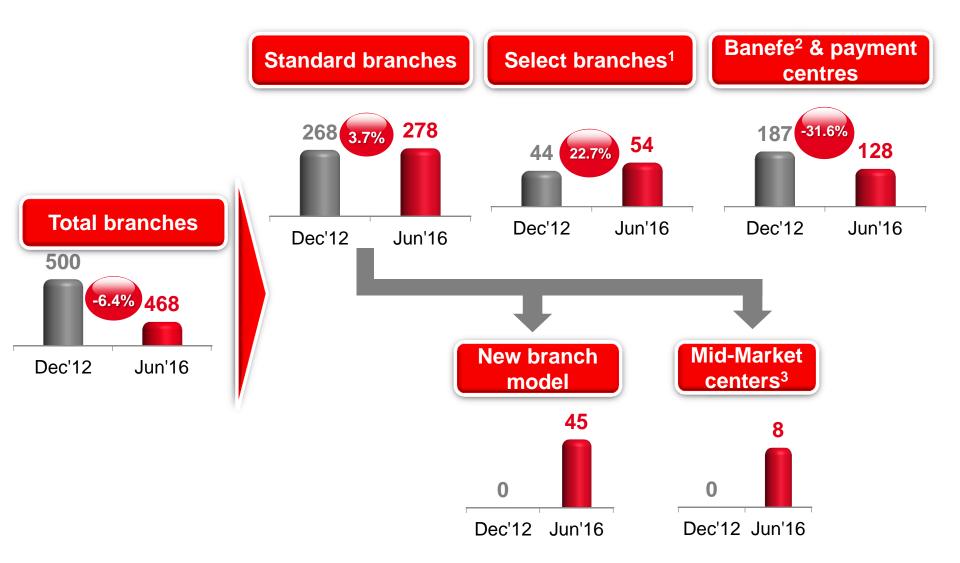


BEST IN CLASS EXPERIENCE



COMFORT #1 MOBILE

... by creating multi-segment business centers...

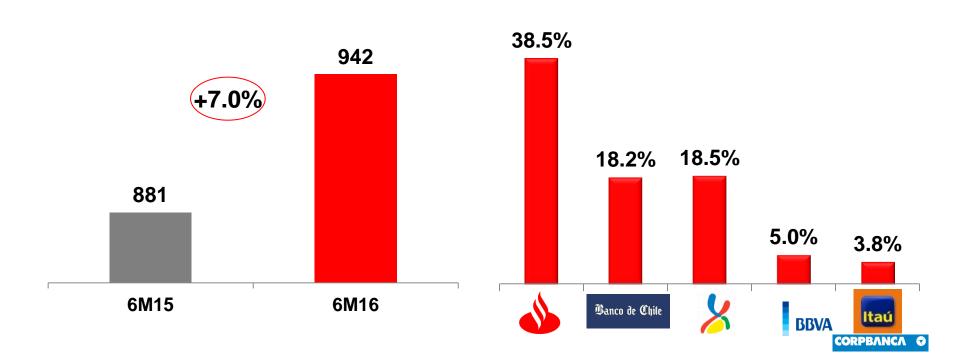


... and expanding the use of digital channels

Digital clients¹

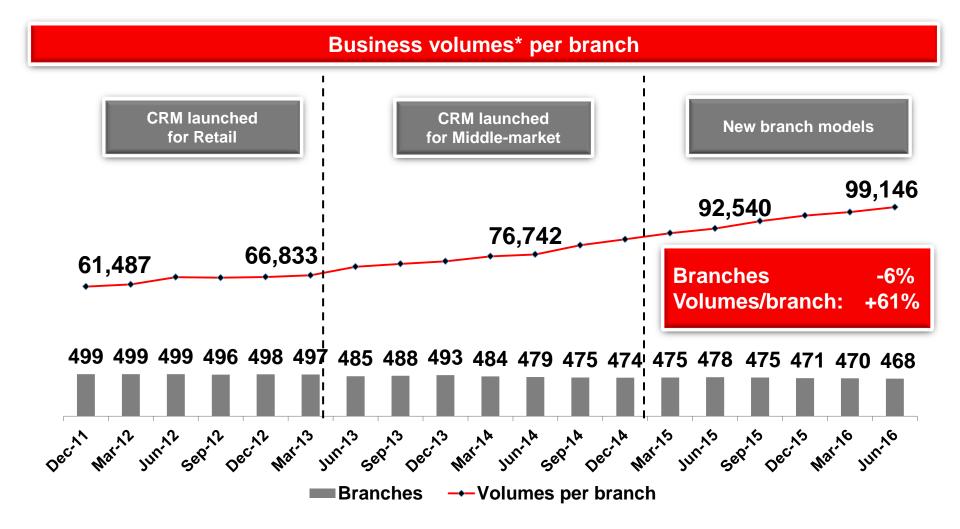
Internet usage market share²

Thousand

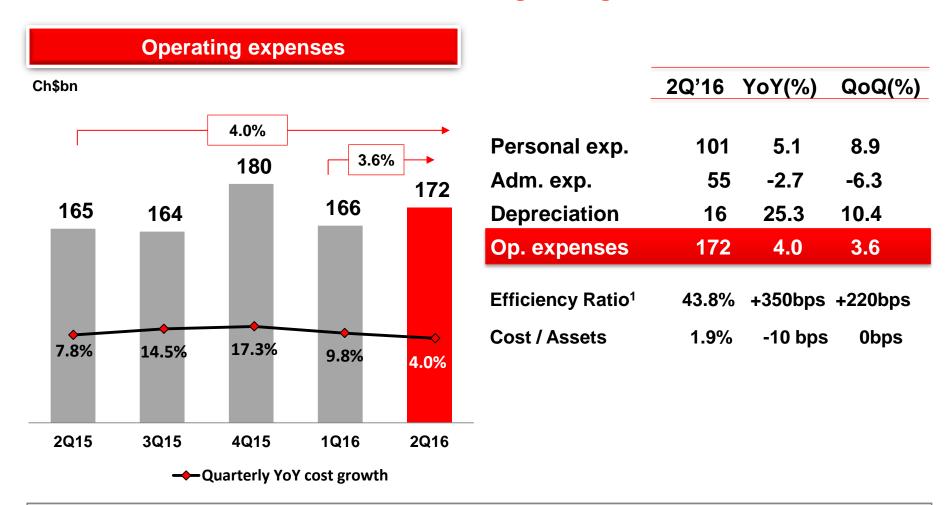




Transformation is starting to boost commercial productivity...



... which is lowering cost growth



Boosting operational excellence: lowest cost growth in last 7 quarters

4 objectives for healthy growth / higher profitability

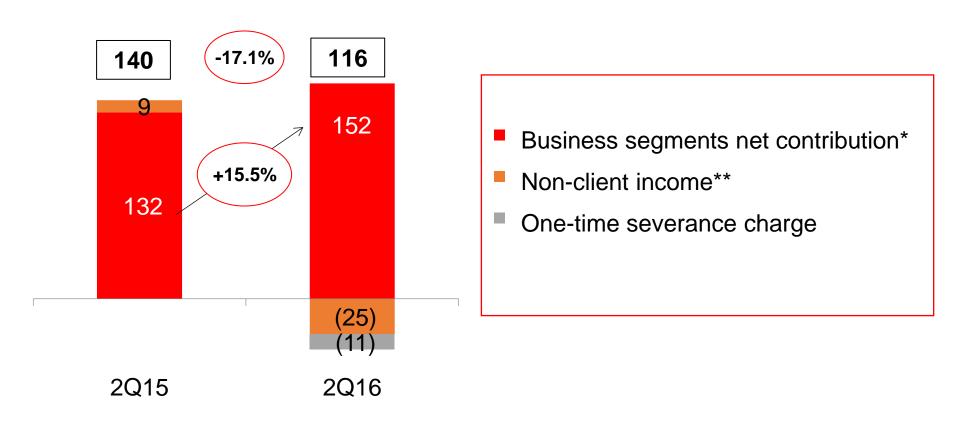
IV. Optimizing profitability and capital use to increase shareholder value in time



- ROE 17-18% in 6M15 & &M16, in line with guidance
- Strong Core capital ratios to support further growth
- Dividend paid in 2Q16 represented dividend yield of 5.6%
- Maximizing the spread between ROE and COE*

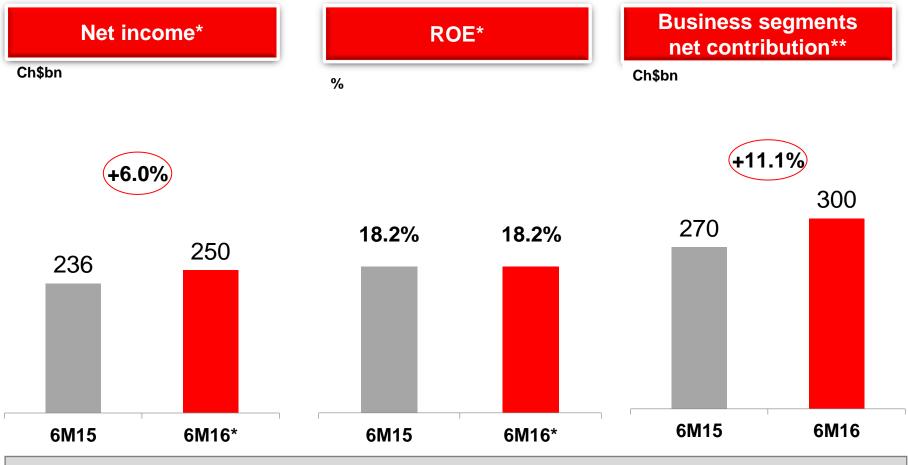
2Q16 in a snapshot: stronger Client contribution driving profitability

Net income, Ch\$bn



Non-client income negatively affected by lower inflation / Ch\$11bn one-time charge

In 6M16: ROE in line with guidance and driven by client activities

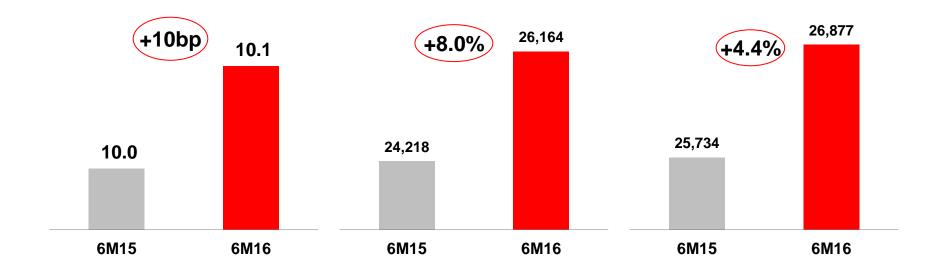


Our strategy allows us to succeed in the current macro environment while setting the foundations for long-term growth

^{* 6}M16 excludes one-time severance expense of Ch\$10,789 million booked in 2Q16. ** Net interest income + Net fee and commission income + Financial transactions, net - Provision expense – Operating expenses from our reporting segments. These results exclude our Corporate Center and the results from Financial Management, which includes, among other items, the impact of the inflation on results

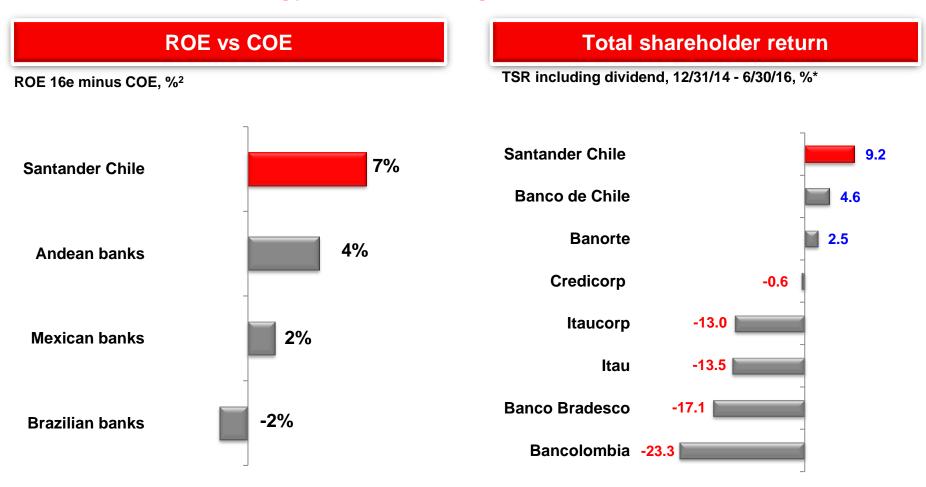
Solid capital levels for further growth





Given our high RWA density³, RWA should grow less than loans in shift to BIS III

Our strategy is maximizing ROE vs COE and TSR1



Dividend yield = 5.3% in 2016

Agenda

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- ... leading to a sound medium-term outlook

Outlook

Sound outlook for Santander Chile

- Chile: GDP growth expectations stabilize for 2016 and rise for 2017
- Banks with 7-8% growth in loans and deposits and stable risk levels
- BSAC: stronger Client contribution driving profitability in 2Q16, in line with strategy
 - Gaining market share in most products. Loan growth up 8.0% YoY, especially in segments with higher profitability, net of risk. Deposits increase 10.3% YoY
 - Stronger Client revenues: Client NII grew 6.3% YoY, with stable Client NIMs. Fee income expands 9.6% due to higher customer loyalty
 - Improved asset quality: coverage rises to 141% / NPLs down to 2.2% / cost of credit: 1.3%
 - Cost growth under control: up 4% YoY. Branch optimization plans underway
 - Business segment contribution up 11.1% YoY
 - ROE reached 17.1% in 2Q16 (18.3% adjusted for one time severance expense)
- For the rest of 2016 & 2017, we expect these sound business trends to continue

Thank you

Our purpose is to help people and businesses prosper.

Our culture is based on the belief that everything we do should be

Simple | Personal | Fair





